Attorney Docket No: 14219-107US1 Applicants: Markus Mayer, et al. Client Ref.: P2003,0432USN

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An acoustic wave transducer comprising:

an acoustic spur track comprising electrode fingers for different electrodes, the

electrode fingers engaging to form exciting finger pairs, the acoustic spur track comprising

marginal areas and an excitation area, the electrode fingers engaging in the excitation area,

the marginal areas and the excitation area being located along a transverse direction of the

acoustic wave transducer;

wherein a longitudinal phase speed of an acoustic wave in the acoustic spur track is

less in a marginal area than in the excitation area;

wherein the acoustic wave is excitable and has a transversal basic mode;

wherein the following applies in the transversal basic mode for a wave number k_v:

 $(k_y)^2 > 0$ in a marginal area, and

 $(k_v)^2 < 0$ in an exterior area outside the acoustic spur track; and

wherein k_y is smaller in the excitation area than in the marginal areas and in the

exterior area.

2. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein k_v

equals about zero in the excitation area.

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3. (Currently Amended) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein the excitation area comprises partial spurs tracks in the transverse direction, the partial spurs tracks corresponding to partial transducers that are interconnected in series and/or in parallel.

4. (Currently Amended) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 3, wherein the partial spurs tracks are substantially identical in a longitudinal direction, and at least two of the partial spurs tracks have different widths; and

wherein the partial spurs tracks have widths that adapt a transversal profile Ψ_y of an excitation strength in the excitation area to a shape Φ_y of the transversal basic mode.

5. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 4, in which the following applies for adapting the transversal profile Ψ_y of the excitation strength to the shape Φ_y of the transversal basic mode, where "y" corresponds to the transverse direction:

6. (Currently Amended) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 3, wherein the partial spurs tracks comprise a center partial spur track and marginal partial spurs tracks;

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wherein the marginal partial spurs tracks are interconnected in series and form a

series circuit;

wherein the series circuit is connected in parallel to the center partial spur track;

and

wherein a width of the center partial spur track is greater than a width of a marginal

partial spur track by at least a factor of five.

7. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein the

marginal areas each comprise a continuous metal strip in a longitudinal direction and have

a transverse width of $\lambda_y/4$, where λ_y is a wavelength of the transversal basic mode in a

corresponding marginal area.

8. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein a

number of electrode fingers per unit of length is greater in the marginal areas than in the

excitation area.

9. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein the

electrode fingers for different electrodes define a periodic grid in the excitation area.

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10. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein the excitation area comprises unidirectionally radiating or reflecting cells in a longitudinal direction of the acoustic wave transducer; and

wherein electrode fingers in the excitation area that are adjacent in the longitudinal direction define a cell to radiate the acoustic wave in a specific direction or a cell with a reflecting effect.

11. (Currently Amended) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein the acoustic spur track is a first acoustic spur track, and wherein the acoustic wave transducer further comprises:

at least one additional acoustic spur track comprising an excitation area and marginal areas, the at least one additional acoustic spur track being substantially identical to the first acoustic spur track, wherein the first acoustic spur track and the at least one additional acoustic spur track are substantially parallel; and

an intermediate area between acoustic spurs tracks;

wherein widths of marginal areas of the acoustic spurs \underline{tracks} produce a wave number k_y in the intermediate area that is smaller by at least one order of magnitude than in the marginal areas and in exterior areas of the acoustic spurs \underline{tracks} ; and

wherein a phase speed in excitation areas of different acoustic spurs tracks and in the intermediate area is essentially same.

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12. (Currently Amended) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 11, wherein a number of electrode fingers per unit of length in the intermediate area (ZB) is essentially equal to a number of electrode fingers per unit of length in excitation areas of different acoustic spurs tracks.

- 13. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 12, wherein electrode fingers in the intermediate area define a periodic grid.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The acoustic wave transducer of claim 1, wherein a width of a marginal area in the transverse direction is essentially $\lambda_y/4$, where λ_y is a wavelength of the transversal basic mode in a corresponding marginal area.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A filter comprising the acoustic wave transducer of claim 1.